

**Transformations Practice**

$y = f(x)$  vs.  $y = \pm af(\pm b(x \pm h)) \pm k$

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Describe the effect of a, b, h & k.

a: \_\_\_\_\_

b: \_\_\_\_\_

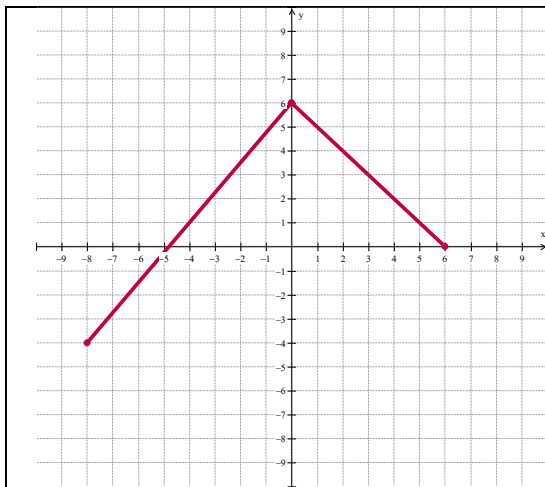
h: \_\_\_\_\_ k: \_\_\_\_\_

1) Let  $f(x) = x^2$ . Shift the vertex to (5, -2). (a) Write the  $f(x)$  form of the new equation. (b) Write the actual new equation. (c) Graph to check your answer.

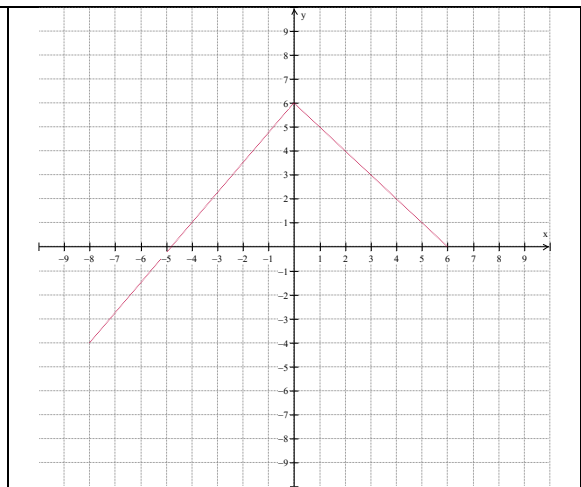
2) Let  $f(x) = x^2$ . Turn it concave down then shift the vertex to (-3, 7). (a) Write the  $f(x)$  form of the new equation. (b) Write the actual new equation. (c) Graph to check your answer.

3) Consider  $f(x)$  shown below. Describe the transformation(s) and graph each new equation.

(a)

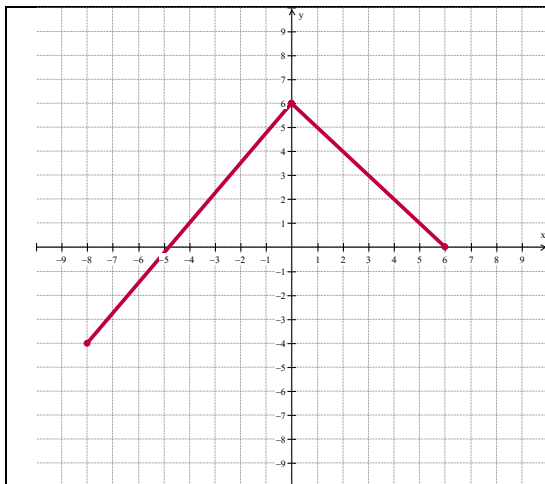


$f(x)$

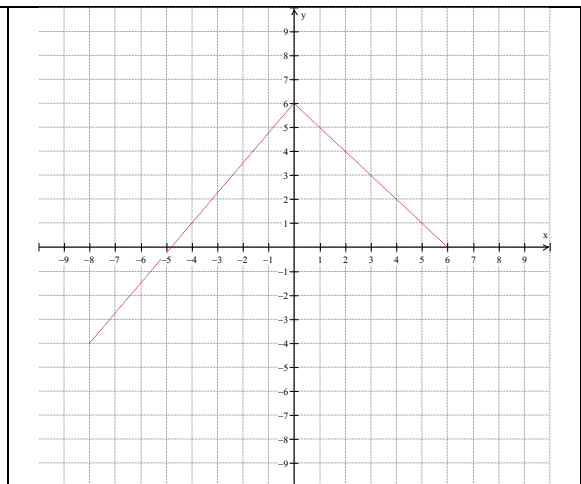


$f(x-5) + 4$

(b)

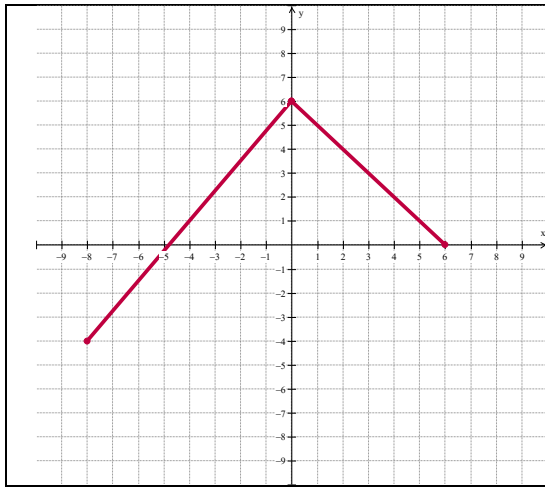


$f(x)$

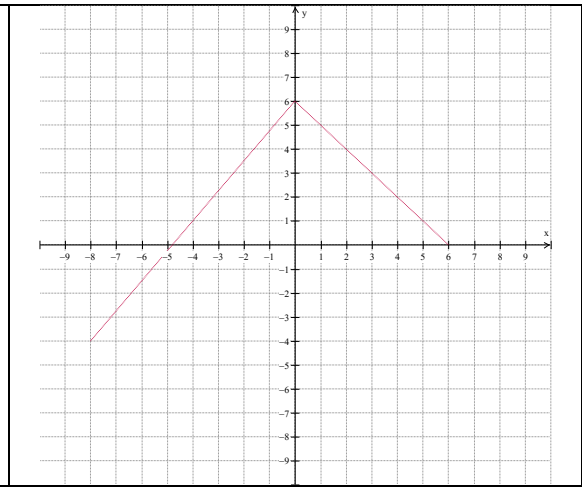


$f(2x)$

(c)

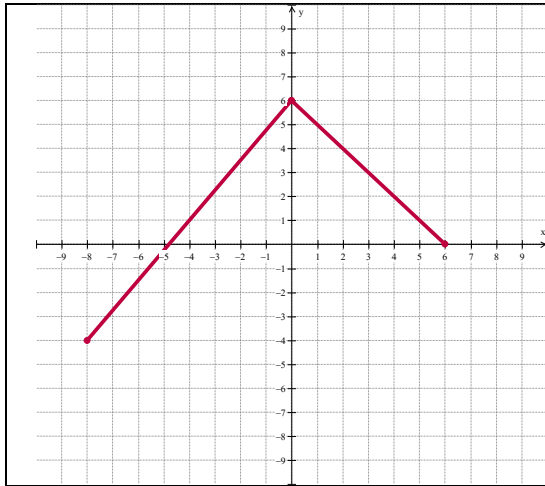


$f(x)$

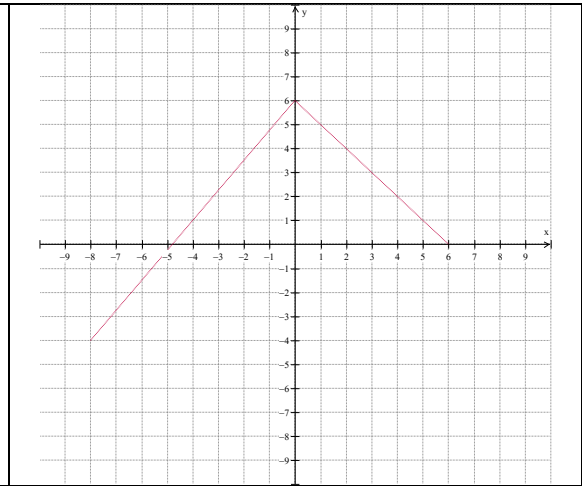


$2f(x)$

(d)

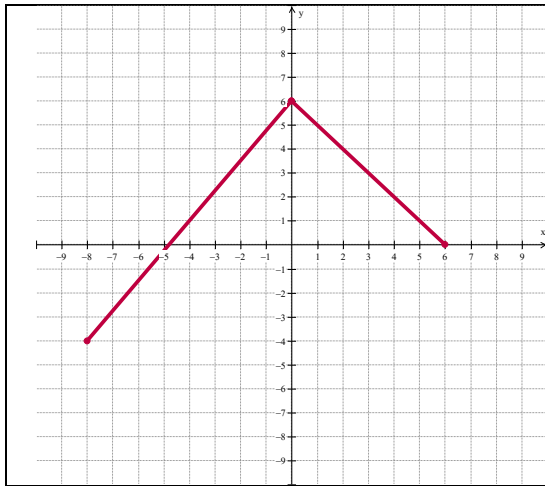


$f(x)$

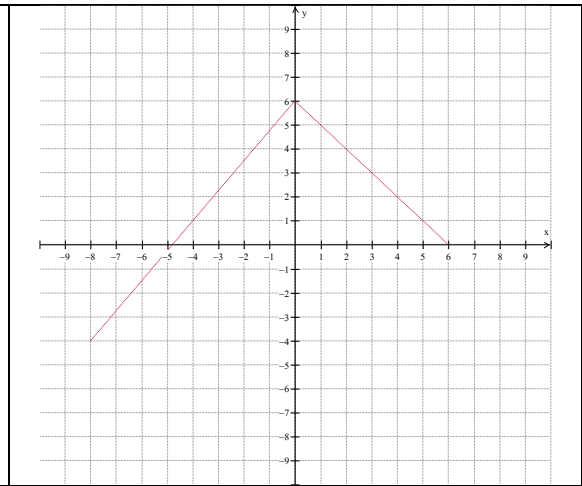


$f(-2(x-4))$

(e)



$f(x)$



$-\frac{1}{2}f(x) + 3$